Lesson Guide
Lesson 4 - Theology: Who is God?

Introduction
Having explored the concept of truth itself and examined the biblical view of human nature – two basic issues that had to be settled before we could move on to the present discussion – Dr. Tackett now takes us to the eastern point of the compass and proceeds to lay the third and most important foundation of our “Truth Temple:” Theology, or that branch of study and investigation that grapples with the question, “Who is God?” Knowing God, he argues, ought to be our passion and our highest goal; for until we look upon His face, we cannot rightly know ourselves or begin to grasp the meaning of our existence in the world.

Themes
Knowing God is absolutely central to the meaning of human life, for it is only in the context of intimate, personal relationship with Him that we experience eternal life. At the same time, there is no assignment more daunting, no task more demanding, no challenge more overwhelming, than that of seeking to understand the being, nature, character, and attributes of the eternal Creator, who is Himself the ultimate source of all truth (Colossians 2:3). So impossibly huge is this endeavor that we could not hope to tackle it at all except for the fact that He has graciously revealed Himself to us in His Word. Apart from this revelation, mankind gropes and struggles in the darkness to piece together even the most flawed and rudimentary concept of God.

In line with this thought, R. C. Sproul asserts that ours is an era in which the knowledge of God has been eclipsed – not completely destroyed, but obscured and shadowed by lies and misconceptions. Given this situation, it is essential that we establish two main points: 1) that God exists; and 2) that the Bible, the vehicle of His self-revelation, is utterly reliable. Following Sproul’s lead, Dr. Tackett uses a significant portion of this tour to respond to attacks that have been leveled against God’s Word over the course of history (another aspect of the Cosmic Battle). He answers the objections of Voltaire, Robert Ingersoll, and liberal theologians such as Julius Wellhausen and the members of the Jesus Seminar. He also illustrates the Bible’s historical accuracy by helping us resolve an apparent scriptural discrepancy concerning the dates of King Jehoram’s reign.

But the heart of this episode’s message hits much closer to home. For in the end, Dr. Tackett makes it clear that we cannot truly know ourselves until we have begun to know God in the fullness and richness of His multifaceted nature and character – not only as the God of mercy and grace, but also as the God who is a consuming fire, jealous for the purity of the covenant relationship (El Qanna). When this knowledge dawns upon us, we can expect two things to happen. First, the revelation of God’s character will, like a mirror, reveal things to us about
ourselves, so that we, along with the prophet Isaiah, are compelled to cry, “Woe is me, for I am undone!” (Isaiah 6:5). But then secondly, as He raises us out of our despair and shows us who we are and who we can be in Him, we will be granted the gift of a new name – a whole new concept of our being, our identity, and our purpose in life with God. Once again, the fruit of this experience will be personal transformation.

**Points to Watch For**

During the course of this tour, the theme of the Cosmic Battle is revisited several times and from a number of different angles. As in the first three episodes, Dr. Tackett consistently returns to the point that fallen man resists the truth, and that, as Christians, we are thus called to “cast down arguments and every high thing that exalts itself against the knowledge of God, bringing every thought into captivity to the obedience of Christ” (2 Corinthians 10:5). Man, says Dr. Tackett, has a tendency “play fast and loose” with God’s Word, not because he is seriously interested in ascertaining the facts about biblical history, but because he is unwilling to face up to the convicting power of divine revelation as it applies to his personal life. In the final analysis, God’s Word is the main thing standing in the way of “self-actualization” as it is promoted by the gurus of contemporary culture. Some students may find it difficult to accept this idea.

**Discussion Questions**

1) What were the key points of this tour?

2) How did Jesus define “eternal life” in His John 17 prayer? What was the point that Dr. Tackett was trying to make in saying that this was NOT just a clinical knowledge?

3) What was the thing that Dr. Tackett said he found to be the most astounding thing of all? He asked the students if they really believed that this truth claim of God was really real. Do we?

4) There were three things that Dr. Tackett said happen to us when we gaze upon the face of God. What were they? What does that mean?

5) Thinking about the first one, that it exposes us, does anyone what to be bold and offer to admit that tonight…did anything strike you?

6) Considering the second one, that it exposes our culture, what did our tour tonight reveal about our culture?

**Deeper Questions for Discussion**

7) If theology, or the study of God, is the most important of the three foundations we are seeking to lay, why was it put aside until the fourth tour? What does this imply about our culture and our calling as modern ambassadors for Christ?
8) What does R. C. Sproul mean when he says that the knowledge of God has not been destroyed but rather eclipsed in our day? How has this come about? Can you think of examples of this eclipsing, filtering, or shadowing of the truth in your own experience or in the experience of your friends?

9) “This is eternal life,” says Jesus, “that they may know You, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom You have sent” (John 17:3). Why do you think Jesus defines eternal life in this way? What is the connection between knowledge and life?

10) Why are names so significant in the Bible? What are some of the names of God revealed to us in Scripture? How does knowing God’s name impact our understanding of our own “name”?

11) Why is it important to establish that a “spiritual” book like the Bible is also historically accurate?

12) Picture yourself in the Temple with Isaiah, beholding the glory and majesty of God firsthand. How would this experience change your life? What is there about you that simply could not remain the same after such a revelation?
Tour Guide Notes: Why Not Start With God?  
Lesson 4 – Theology: Who is God?

I have been asked this question a number of times. We attempted to answer it in the DVD, but it was way too brief, and it demands a more detailed response.

We actually began with God in Tour 1. If you recall, we were dealing with the critical importance of truth, examining the very clear declaration by Jesus that the reason He was born was to testify to the truth. We established the reality that the primary battle that rages around us and within us is the battle between truth and lie. We then made the point that the ultimate source of truth is the very character, nature and being of God, and that the forces of evil, in reality, are ultimately arrayed against who He is. It was in this context that we pointed out that all of our tours were going to follow one central theme: “gazing upon His face”.

In Tour 2, we took note of the two presuppositions of our worldview: 1) that God exists and 2) that He has revealed Himself to us. That revelation, through His creation and through His Word, provided for us the fundamental answers to all of the critical philosophical questions of life. We examined, in contrast, the wandering futility of those who attempt to answer those questions without Him and the deep ethical consequences of that position. We paused briefly to look at the nature of God to discover that His laws are not capricious, but an expression of His character.

In Tour 3, we spent most of our time dealing with man, who he really is, the state that he is in, and the true solution to His problem. We began with God’s creation of man, the separation that occurred between God and man at the Fall, the glorious work that Christ undertook to redeem us from the curse of death, and the promised glory that awaits those who are His. We ended by noting the inability for those who deny God to have any basis for ethical notions or even ethical language. The problem of evil is a greater problem for those who stand opposed to the reality of God than for us.

In fact, every tour will focus upon God. In Tour 5, we will deal with Science. But we will begin with the reality that the heavens declare His glory and that all of science is meaningless without the beginning notion that we live in a rational, ordered universe rather than a random, purposeless one. In Tour 6, History, we will gaze upon the Sovereignty of God to comprehend that we are part of His larger story and not just one of a billion other pitiful creatures fighting to make our own little script successful. Tour 7 through 12 will take us on a fascinating tour that will examine one jewel after another, each pointing to some aspect of God’s nature.

So, we did begin with God and we will end with God. And we will look upon Him everywhere in between. But, to be honest, Tour 4 comes after one, two, and three, primarily because we live in a culture that has so bought the lies of the world, that we are not able to deal directly with the
question “who is God” without some preparation. As the Old Testament priests underwent a lengthy ritual before they entered the Holy of Holies, so too, we must often prepare our hearts and minds before we engage this awesome question.

In the end, my prayer is that we will daily ask this question and daily seek its answer: “Who are you, O Lord?”
The study of the existence, nature, and attributes of God.

"...Christ Himself, in whom are hidden all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge."
Colossians 2:2-3 (NAS)

The ultimate source of all truth is the nature, character, being and attributes of God Himself.

Nothing that is true can contradict the Nature of God.

"There is but one only living and true God, who is infinite in being and perfection, a most pure spirit, invisible, without body, parts, or passions, immutable, immense, eternal, incomprehensible, almighty, most wise, most holy, most free, most absolute, working all things according to the counsel of his own immutable and most righteous will, for his own glory.

The Westminster Confession of Faith, Chapter 2, Section I.
The Westminster Confession of Faith, Chapter 2, Section I.

...most loving, gracious, merciful, long-suffering, abundant in goodness and truth, forgiving iniquity, transgression, and sin; the rewarder of them that diligently seek him; and withal most just and terrible in his judgments; hating all sin, and who will by no means clear the guilty.

Westminster Confession

John 3:16

another simple question...
what is Eternal Life?

why did Jesus come?
what is Truth?

"Eternal Life"

John 6:54 John 17:1-3

JOHN 17:1-3

After Jesus said this, he looked toward heaven and prayed: “Father, the time has come. Glorify your Son, that your Son may glorify you.

For you granted him authority over all people that he might give eternal life to all those you have given him.

Now this is eternal life...”
Now this is eternal life...
...that they may know you, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent.

John 17:3

Knowing Only?

But we are not talking about just the discrete knowledge of God and the knowledge of man--

Knowing Only?

we are talking about the relationship,
the social order,
the personal communion
and the objective, real relationship that exists between God & man.

John 5:39-40

"You diligently study the Scriptures because you think that by them you possess eternal life. These are the Scriptures that testify about me, yet you refuse to come to me to have life."


Spurgeon’s Perspective

“The highest science, the loftiest speculation, the mightiest philosophy, which can engage the attention of a child of God is the name, the nature, the person, the doings, and the existence of the great God which he calls his Father.”
“What is more, I consider everything a loss compared to the surpassing greatness of knowing Christ Jesus my Lord, for whose sake I have lost all things. I consider them rubbish, that I may gain Christ and be found in him, not having a righteousness of my own that comes from the law...

...but that which is through faith in Christ—the righteousness that comes from God and is by faith. I want to know Christ and the power of his resurrection and the fellowship of sharing in his sufferings, becoming like him in his death...

For I delight in loyalty rather than sacrifice, and in the knowledge of God rather than burnt offerings.

Thus says the LORD: “Let not the wise man boast in his wisdom, let not the mighty man boast in his might, let not the rich man boast in his riches, but let him who boasts boast in this, that he understands and knows me...”

Jehovah Shalom
Jehovah Jireh
Sovereign
Holy, Holy, Holy
Immanuel
The Vine
El Ganna
...

Paul's Perspective

God's Perspective

My Journey
EL QANNA
“Be careful not to forget the covenant of the LORD your God that he made with you; do not make for yourselves an idol in the form of anything the LORD your God has forbidden. For the LORD your God is a consuming fire, a jealous God.”
Deuteronomy 4:23-24

EL QANNA
This is what the LORD Almighty says: “I am very jealous for Zion; I am burning with jealousy for her.”
Zechariah 8:2

EL QANNA
“Do not worship any other god, for the LORD, whose name is Jealous, is a jealous God.”
Exodus 34:14

Names Mean Something
Jacob (supplanter) changed to Israel (strives with God)
Genesis 32:28
Abram (father of height) changed to Abraham (father of a multitude)
Genesis 17:5
Moses (taken out of the water)

Names Mean Something
Simon (hearing) changed to Peter (rock)
Saul (demanded) changed to Paul (little)
You shall name the child John (God is Gracious)
Luke 1:13
You shall name Him Jesus (Savior)
Hungering for God

As the deer pants for streams of water, so my soul pants for you, O God. My soul thirsts for God, for the living God.

Psalm 42:1-2

El Qanna

Gazing on the face of God...
this is what transforms us...and it came through the Word of God

Should we be surprised that it is here we find the focus of the attack?

The Attack

“The weapons we fight with are not the weapons of the world. On the contrary, they have divine power to demolish strongholds. We demolish arguments and every pretension that sets itself up against the knowledge of God, and we take captive every thought to make it obedient to Christ.”

2 Corinthians 10:4-5

The Attack on God

His Nature...
twisting, distorting, denying, ignoring

and His Word
accusing, demeaning
**ATTACK ON GOD’S WORD**

All attempts to... By all the powers...
- extinguish, empiries, 
- suppress, religion, 
- discredit, philosophy, 
- destroy, science, 
- dilute, academia, 
- deny, judiciary, 
- ignore, 
- ... 

---All have failed---

**ATTACK ON GOD’S WORD**

**Voltaire (1776)**

“100 years from my day there will not be a Bible in the earth except one that is looked upon by an antiquarian curiosity seeker.”

“It took 12 men to start Christianity; one will destroy it.”

**Robert Ingersoll**

“In 15 years I will have this book [the Bible] in the morgue.”

Fifteen years later, Ingersoll was in the morgue.

A pastor purchased Ingersoll’s desk and spent his life writing sermons on it.

All men are like grass, and all their glory is like the flowers of the field; the grass withers and the flowers fall, but the Word of the Lord stands forever.

1 Peter 1:24-25

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Jesus undoubtedly said this or something very like it (That’s Jesus!)

Jesus probably said this (Sure sounds like Jesus.)

Jesus did not say this, but the ideas contained in it are close to his own (Well, maybe)

Jesus did not say this; it represents the perspective or content of a later or different tradition (There’s been some mistake.)


Ezekiel 22:26-28

Her priests do violence to my law and profane my holy things; they do not distinguish between the holy and the common; they teach that there is no difference between the unclean and the clean; and they shut their eyes to the keeping of my Sabbaths, so that I am profaned among them...
Her officials within her are like wolves tearing their prey; they shed blood and kill people to make unjust gain. Her prophets whitewash these deeds for them by false visions and lying divinations. They say, ‘This is what the Sovereign LORD says’—when the LORD has not spoken.

**Ezekiel 22:26-28**

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**Personal crisis...**

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2 KI 8:16-17 In the fifth year of Joram son of Ahab king of Israel, when Jehoshaphat was king of Judah, Jehoram son of Jehoshaphat began his reign as king of Judah. He was thirty-two years old when he became king, and he reigned in Jerusalem eight years.

2 KI 1:17 So Ahaziah died, according to the word of the Lord that Elijah had spoken. Because Ahaziah had no son, Joram succeeded him as king in the second year of Jehoram son of Jehoshaphat.


For the word of God is living and active, sharper than any two-edged sword, piercing to the division of soul and of spirit, of joints and of marrow, and discerning the thoughts and intentions of the heart.

Hebrews 4:12 (ESV)
Outline
Lesson 4 –Theology: Who is God?

I. Introduction – Theology – Who is God?
   A. Theology: The study of the existence, nature, and attributes of God
   B. The Ultimate Source of Truth – Colossians 2:2-3 “Christ Himself, in whom are hidden all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge.”
   C. Westminster Confession – trying to capture the infinite essence of God’s nature

II. What is Eternal Life?
   B. “Now this is eternal life…” John 17:1-3 “…that they may know you…”
   C. Spurgeon’s and Paul’s perspective – “I want to know Christ…”
   D. God’s perspective – Hosea 6:6, Jeremiah 9:23-24 …that he knows me…”
   E. Connection between knowledge of God and knowledge of self

III. Meaning of Names
   B. Jacob, Abram, Moses, Simon, Saul, John, Jesus
   C. Your name – Your identity in Christ and as a child of God

IV. The Attack
   A. The Battle – 2 Corinthians 10:4-5 – “We demolish arguments and every pretension that sets itself against the knowledge of God…”
   B. On God – His nature, His character
   C. On His Word – Throughout history men have tried to destroy God’s Word
      1. Jesus Seminar – democratic voting process on God’s Word
      2. Ezekiel 22:26-28 – “…her priests have done violence to my law…”

V. Conclusion – God’s word can be trusted
   A. 1 Peter 1:24-25 “…the word of the Lord stands forever.”
   B. Hebrews 4:12 “For the word of God is living and active…”
Key Terms
Lesson 4 – Theology: Who is God?

**Deism**: The belief that God created the universe and has since assumed no control over life, exerted no influence on nature, and given no supernatural revelation.

**El Qanna**: A name of God: "For the LORD, whose name is Jealous, is a jealous God" (Exodus 34:14). See also Deuteronomy 4:23-24 and Zechariah 8:2

**Eternal Life**: To know the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom He sent to earth. A deeply personal and intimate relationship. See John 17:3.

**Jesus Seminar**: Started in 1985 in Berkley, California, by Robert Funk and thirty-five other liberal New Testament scholars. The Seminar,--which now includes about 100 members--meets twice a year to debate technical papers. At the close of debate on each agenda item, members vote using colored beads to indicate the degree of authenticity of Jesus' words or deeds.

**Julius Wellhausen** (1844-1918): A 19th century German liberal scholar who suggested the Documentary Hypothesis (JEPD), which theorizes that the Pentateuch (Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers and Deuteronomy) was not written by Moses but evolved over time and was compiled from at least four sources written by various authors. Numerous scholars have refuted the theory.

**Pantheism**: Belief that God and the material world are one and the same thing and that God is present in everything; pantheism sometimes entails belief in many deities. A form of spiritual naturalism.

**Theism**: Belief that God created and governs humans and the world.

**Theology**: The study of the existence, nature, and attributes of God.

**Westminster Confession of Faith**: A confession of faith drawn up by the 1646 Westminster Assembly, which remains a standard of doctrine within many Protestant, churches. The full confession took more than five years to complete and provides advice on issues of worship, doctrine, government, and discipline for the church.
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Recommended Reading
Lesson 4 – Theology: Who is God?

Please note that not everything in these suggested resources should be considered endorsed by Focus on the Family. Nevertheless, Dr. Tackett has found this material helpful. Scripture should be your first and primary resource.


- Packer, J.I. *Knowing God*. Downers Grove, IL: InterVarsity Press.


